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Humidity " 73 " 62

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Humidity " 83 " 74

7647 日七十月三

MONDAY, MAY 7, 1917.

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TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

THE BRITISH MISSION IN AMERICA.

Mr. Balfour Addresses the House of Representatives.

London, May 6.

Reuter's correspondent at Washington states that the members of the British Mission visited the House of Representatives. While they were welcomed on the floor of the House, President Wilson sat in the Gallery, this being the first time that a President of the United States has appeared in the Gallery of the House.

Mr. Balfour, whose speech was greeted with most enthusiastic cheering, was apparently unaware that President Wilson was one of his most interested hearers, but at the conclusion of the speech, President Wilson descended to the floor of the House, where the members were beginning to press in turn to shake hands with the British representatives. The President's appearance on the floor was greeted by rounds of cheers. He took his place in the line and, after shaking hands, obtained for some time with Mr. Balfour. The Justices of the Supreme Court were also in the line, and the Entente's diplomatic representatives occupied the Diplomatic Gallery.

Mr. Balfour, in the course of his speech, said the British House of Commons and the American House of Representatives were the greatest and oldest of the free assemblies now governing the great nations of the world. Each represented the great democratic principle to which we look as the security for the world's future peace. "This was one of the great moments of the world's history, and what is now happening on both sides of the Atlantic represents the drawing together of great free peoples for mutual protection against the aggression of a military despotism. All free assemblies have made blunders and sometimes committed crimes, but only a military despotism of the German type could through generations pursue steadily, remorselessly, unscrupulously and apalling the object of dominating civilisation. And this evil has increased, instead of diminishing, with the growth of knowledge and the progress of material civilisation. It is against this danger that we free peoples of Western civilisation bound ourselves together. It is in that great cause that we are fighting side by side. In that cause we shall surely conquer and our children will look back to this fateful date as one whence democracy can feel secure. Their progress and civilisation and rivalry, if need be, will be conducted not on German lines, but with a free and friendly spirit really befitting the age in which we live."

Mr. Balfour concluded by thanking the members for their cordial welcome and by repeating his profound sense of the significance of that unique meeting.

CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM IN GERMANY.

Limiting the Kaiser's Power.

London, May 6.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam, a Berlin message says the Constitution Committee of the Reichstag has adopted a proposal by the Centre, National Liberal and Progressive Parties altering the Constitution by declaring that the decrees of the Kaiser shall be invalid unless countersigned by the Imperial Chancellor, who is thus responsible to the Reichstag.

Herr Helfferich announced that Herr von Bethmann Hollweg is now prepared to reply to the Conservative Socialism demands for a re-statement of the German war aims, a day being fixed later for the statement thereon.

OPERATIONS ON THE RUSSIAN FRONTS.

London, May 6.

A Russian communique says:—On the Caucasus front, for strategic reasons, our troops in the Ogoot and Mash regions took up new positions. The Turks occupied Mash.

On the western front, our heavy artillery bombarded the station at Porwick, east of Kovil, causing great explosions. Our aeroplanes bombed the station at Vlas, on the Rumanian front.

The enemy took the offensive west of Monastirka and Kschinal, but our heavy guns drove him back into the trenches.

A NEW DUTCH MEASURE.

London, May 6.

According to Reuter's correspondent at The Hague, the Government has submitted a Bill enabling the State to regulate exports and imports in the case of war, or in the event of there being danger of war.

THE AUSTRALIAN ELECTIONS.

London, May 6.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Melbourne, the elections show that in the House of Representatives the Nationalists will probably have four gains and Labour six gains. In the Senate, Victoria, South Australia, West Australia and Tasmania will probably be Nationalist and Queensland Labour, while New South Wales is doubtful. The Government is assured of a good majority in the House of Representatives, but in the Senate its position is doubtful, where thirteen wins are required to obtain a majority.

BEANS AND PEAS COMMANDEERED.

London, May 6.

Lord Devonport has commandeered from the original consignees all British peas and beans to arrive in Great Britain, at \$37 per ton for hand-picked white beans, and at corresponding prices for other varieties. All sale contracts by consignees and persons claiming under them are cancelled. Sellers and buyers are released from all liability regarding brokerage.

The transaction extends to between fifty thousand and sixty thousand tons. The market price up till now has been in the region of \$30 per ton.

Retail prices of beans have been fixed, with a maximum of sixpence per pound, as compared with a shilling at present.

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

THE BATTLES IN THE WEST.

Further Futile German Attacks.

London, May 6.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, in a communique, says:—The enemy during the night, after a sharp fight, unsuccessfully endeavoured to re-establish himself to the east of Leverguier. We successfully raided a front of one-and-a-half miles north of Gonnelieu.

The enemy again determinedly attacked our positions on the Hidenburg Line, east of Ballocourt, but was entirely unsuccessful. Our artillery stopped a renewed attack.

This morning, we captured a section of the trench south of Souchez River.

Enemy Attacks Smashed Up.

London, May 6.

A French communique states:—North of Soissons, the Germans during the night delivered a large number of counter-attacks with large effectives against the positions we captured yesterday. The struggle was particularly violent in the region of Liffaux, north of Froimont Farm, north of Braye en Laonnais and north-east of Croucy. Everywhere the enemy's efforts were smashed up and the assaulting waves beaten back by our fire or bayonets. We entirely maintained our gains, which we are now organising.

The communique confirms the Germans' sanguinary losses, both in yesterday's fighting and in the counter-attacks last night.

Generally, the operations carried out on the 4th and 5th inst., in harmony with the British operations, rendered us masters of the crest on which Chemin des Dames runs, over a front of thirty kilometres. So far, the prisoners taken number 5,300, including 150 officers, among whom are several Battalion Commanders. We have taken seven guns, some of heavy calibre.

There have been violent artillery actions to the north-west of Rheims, and in Champagne we carried a fortified point d'appui to the west of Mont Cornillet.

We repulsed, after a lively fight, two German attempts on our trenches in the region of Mont Haut.

Our air squadrons dropped eight tons of bombs on military establishments, railway stations, bivouacs and especially factories at Hagondange, causing several fires. Four enemy aeroplanes were brought down.

Germany Story of Anglo-French Attacks.

London, May 6.

A German official wireless message states:—We repulsed strong English advances to the south of Lens, on the Scarpe and at Quesant.

A fruitless English attack on a three-kilometre front between Villersplauch and Gonnelieu suffered heavy losses.

French artillery on the Aisne front developed the greatest power yet recorded in preparation for a renewed attack with fresh Divisions yesterday morning between Ailette and Craonne on a front of thirty-five kilometres. A hand-to-hand struggle continued late into the night. The attack was entirely repulsed.

We occupy the northern slope of Chemin des Dames.

The French have occupied the Chevreux-Winterberg height, where our positions were completely destroyed. We took several hundred prisoners.

French attacks to the east of Lannuville and south-west of Neuvy were unsuccessful.

The enemy lost fourteen aeroplanes.

A German Claim.

London, May 6.

A German official wireless message says:—Contrary to to-day's report, Chevreux remains ours.

CENTRAL POWERS' DEMANDS.

Two-thirds of the Entente's Resources.

London, May 6.

Reuter's correspondent at Zurich says that a pamphlet is being circulated in the German Army, approved by General Ludendorff, in which the demands of the Central Powers are stated to be the annexation of Belgium, Northern France, Courland, Poland, Serbia, Montenegro and Egypt; also the formation of a Central African Empire in order to exploit the coal, india rubber, iron and other resources. It asserts that the Entente must be deprived of two-thirds of their natural riches.

The *Arbeits Zeitung* denounces "these criminal projects" because they involve the ruin of Germany.

U.S. LIBERTY LOAN.

A Deluge of Gold.

London, May 6.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Washington, the response to the appeal for the Liberty Loan is a deluge of gold. Subscriptions are pouring in at such a rate that the telegraphs threaten to be blocked. The Treasury is receiving applications for twenty-million dollars hourly.

ANGLO-FRENCH HARMONY.

London, May 6.

Reuter's correspondent at Paris states that as a result of the Conference between representatives of the British and French Governments, attended by Mr. Lloyd George, all the French Ministers, General Nivelle and Admiral Labon, it is announced that complete agreement was reached between the two Governments. Italy and Russia were represented at the Conference by their Ambassadors.

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA.

Great Pro-Ally Demonstrations.

London, May 6.

Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd states that on Friday there were great pro-Ally demonstrations outside the British, French and Italian Embassies.

Sir George and Lady Buchanan appeared on the balcony at the British Embassy, and the Ambassador, in the course of a speech, said it was clear to the world that Britain was not fighting for the sake of conquest. She only entered the war when Belgium was over-run and the rights of other nations trampled upon. It was impossible that the British democracy, the oldest in the world, could be suspected of opposing the freedom of the peoples. The only object of Britain in the war was the solemn vindication of right and justice. Sir George Buchanan called upon the Russians to support the Government, which was the sincere defender of the people's interests.

The Government Policy.

London, May 6.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd the Government explanation of M. Milukoff's Note says that in speaking of a decisive victory the Note had in mind the communication of April 9, which declared that Russia had not aimed at domination over other nations, but the establishment of a durable peace based on the right of nations to decide their own destiny, the securing of a reduction of armaments and the establishing of international tribunals, but Russia was resolved not to emerge from the struggle humiliated or weakened.

Support for the Loan.

London, May 6.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd, a general assembly of the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' delegates overwhelmingly decided to assist in the raising of a Liberty Loan.

Preparing for German Invasion.

London, May 6.

Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd says that General Korniloff, Commander of the troops at Petrograd, announces that he has received reports that the enemy are concentrating in large forces on the Russian northern frontier, and that German merchantmen at Liban are ready, as soon as the ice is melted, to embark troops and, under cover of the German Fleet, carry out a landing probably close to Petrograd. Accordingly, orders for re-organisation of the Reserves in Petrograd, in order to defend the capital against a foreign enemy and to consolidate the freedom won by Russia, have been given.

Another Collision.

London, May 6.

Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd, telegraphing on Saturday, says there was another collision on Friday evening between soldiers and Leninist workmen. Three thousand of the latter were marching in procession headed by eight hundred men armed with rifles, revolvers and swords, carrying banners inscribed: "Down with the Government!" "Down with the War Party!" Soldiers intervened and some Leninists fired them.

The Executive of the Workmen and Soldiers' delegates, in consequence of the disorders, has forbidden meetings and demonstration and has placarded a Proclamation appealing to the population for calm discipline, and urging the soldiers not to carry arms. The Executive has telephoned to the garrisons at Kronstadt, Tsarkoe Selo and Peterhof, and others in the neighbourhood of the capital, not to send troops to Petrograd without a written request. The Committee invites the garrisons to appoint delegates to confer with the Committee on the present situation.

THE NEW GREEK MINISTRY.

London, May 6.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Athens, five members of the new Ministry were in the former Zimis Cabinet. M. Demiris, Minister of Marine, held the same post in the Venizelos Cabinet.

[In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on an Extra.]

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

BRAZIL'S NEW FOREIGN MINISTER.

Rio de Janeiro, May 6.
Senor Milopocanha has been appointed Foreign Minister.

GERMAN REFORMS.

Amsterdam, May 5.

The Constitution Committee of the Reichstag, at their first meeting, considered the proposal of the Centre, National Liberals and Progressives demanding that the Chancellor be made responsible to the Reichstag and amenable to State trial for violation of his duties, providing for Reichstag control of the Army and Navy and demanding that the Reichstag sit permanently during the war. They also considered the proposal of the Socialists demanding universal suffrage.

U.S. PRESS CENSORSHIP.

Washington, May 5.

The House of Representatives has finally passed the Espionage Bill by 360 votes to 106, including the modified censorship clause, by which the President may prohibit publication whenever the situation demands. But before penalties become effective it will be necessary to show that publication has been prohibited and that the information has been of value to the enemy.
(Continued on page 8)

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST "MORNING POST."

Questions in Parliament.

In the House of Commons recently, Mr. Dillon asked the Home Secretary whether his attention had been directed to the charges made by the Dr. Saton Watson against the *Morning Post* newspaper—that that journal had been made the instrument of a German-Magyar intrigue to deceive English public opinion, through the medium of its Budapest correspondent, as to the feeling in Hungary on the war, and in other ways had been used for enemy objects; whether he was aware this correspondent was accused by Dr. Saton Watson of fabricating leading articles, purporting to have appeared in Budapest newspapers, and forging speeches purporting to have been delivered in Parliament by Hungarian statesmen, with the object of misleading this country for enemy purposes; whether he was aware that the same charges had been independently made by an official organ in Paris; whether steps had been, or would be taken, under the Defence of the Realm regulations to investigate these charges against the *Morning Post*; and whether, if it was found that the charges were true, steps would be taken to punish those responsible for these publications.

Sir G. Cave (Home Secretary):—My attention has been called to this question. I understand the charges are strongly denied, and I do not see my way to take any action in the matter.
Mr. Dillon:—But surely, Am I to understand that when such charges are made, not only by a responsible person in this country, but by one of the leading semi-official journals of Paris, the Home Secretary will take no steps to ascertain whether they are well founded or not?

Sir G. Cave:—I do not see my way to take any action. The Hon. member has already put a question to the Foreign Office, and has received a similar reply.
Mr. Dillon:—All I can say is that if it was the editor of an Irish newspaper he would be sent to penal servitude.

Mr. A. F. Whyte:—Will the Rt. Hon. gentleman ask the editor of the *Morning Post* whether any uninterested alien is in regular communication with him?

Sir G. Cave:—No, Sir. I have had no cause to make any such inquiry.

Mr. A. F. Whyte:—Will the Rt. Hon. gentleman ask the editor of the *Morning Post* whether a Magyar journalist named Joseph Szabonjel is in the employment of that newspaper, and will he take the trouble to satisfy himself and the public that articles which have appeared in the *Morning Post* and have seriously misled public opinion in this country, are bona fide articles, or whether they have been composed in London (Mr. Dillon:—They are forged articles by foreign spies)—out of speeches and articles which did not appear in the enemy capital to which they were attributed?
Sir G. Cave:—If my Hon. friend will give me any material on which to proceed I will make inquiries.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.
Chung Ling Soo at Theatre Royal; 9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
New Hongkong Cinema—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
New Hongkong Cinema—9.15 p.m.
Wednesday, May 9.
Theater Royal—9.15 p.m.
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
New Hongkong Cinema—9.15 p.m.

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GENERAL NEWS.

Singapore Branch of Premier.
 The Chief Justice, Sir J. Beckwith, K.C., gave judgment the other day in favour of plaintiff in a case in which Miss C. Cardesa, sued Mr. J. R. Bottery for breach of promise. The engagement-only lasted from February to June, 1916. A counter-claim for jewellery was dismissed. The defence involved allegations against the plaintiff, the burden of proof of which was found to be on the defendant, and without calling on the plaintiff his Lordship gave judgment in her favour for \$2,000 and costs.

A New Japanese Rifle.
 The Japanese army has announced the invention of a new infantry rifle by Colonel Kijiro Nambu, an authority on ordnance, who has in the past invented several useful firearms accessories. The new rifle is said to be an improvement on the weapon now used by the Japanese army. Its special features include a broader muzzle, a longer range and improvements in the internal mechanism. It is said to be more powerful in its firing capacity and more convenient to handle.

The Rising Hun Generation.
 An appeal in the Deutsche Tageszeitung, by the League for the Protection of Youth, says that some 600 boys and girls will be leaving the Berlin municipal schools on April 1. It declares that all these children, owing to the effects of the war, from which Berlin has especially suffered, are so weak that they would collapse if they had at once to learn a trade. The League suggests that they should first be sent into the country for three months.

Flying as Means of Travel and Recreation.
 Flying has become so easy and easy that in peace time every one who can should take it up as a means of travel and recreation, according to General J. S. Branker, director of his organization for the British Army. "Flying to-day is so easy," said General Branker, "that most people are in danger of over-confidence. Half our accidents arise from this cause. Training in aviation from the military point of view is becoming more and more complicated, but actual flying from the practical point of view has become almost as easy and safe as automobiling or bicycling."

Disastrous Storms in Taiwan.
 Advice from Taihoku says that a disastrous cyclone broke over the Aki district on the 18th inst. Seventy-five houses were wrecked. On the 23rd at 1.30 p.m. another tornado swept the district under the jurisdiction of the Kagi office, causing much damage in Taiho, Hokko, and Yensui. Fifty-one houses were completely wrecked and forty-three others were badly damaged. In addition, 32 buildings collapsed. Eleven persons were injured. The sufferers number 350. On the same day a tornado cleared away in the Pescadore. One man was injured and 20 houses were overturned. Immediately after the storm passed, heavy rain set in in the districts of Kagi, causing floods in some places.—Kobe Herald.

A Mare's Nest.
 Mr. William Thorne, in the House of Commons, last night, asked the President of the Board of Trade if he is aware that the s.s. Kerman is now loading on the berth in the United Kingdom a cargo of general merchandise for the Persian Gulf for the owners' benefit instead of being used in the nation's interest at Blue Book rates; if he can state whether the owners or the loading brokers, Messrs. F. O. Strick and Co., Baltic House E.C., obtained the license for this voyage, and if the latter will say if it was obtained through the same channel as this firm obtained license last autumn for the carrying of dates by their steamers from the Persian Gulf to New York, via, through their clerk in the Requisitioning Department of the Admiralty, by name of O'Neill? Mr. Chas. Moner, who replied, said the vessel were being loaded for the Anglo-Persian Oil Company, in which the Government had a large interest.

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MAY 7, 1917.

THE MILITARY COMMISSION'S REPORT.

The seven gentlemen appointed in February last by His Excellency the Governor, to enquire into the practicability and expediency of releasing British subjects of military age for service at the front, have now reported the results of their labours. The task to which they put their hands was not an easy one, and we are sure we are only expressing a widely-felt feeling when we say that the community is indebted to no small extent to the members of the Commission for the very thorough-going manner in which they have discharged their willingly-accepted obligations. In brief, the Commission received 182 applications for permission to leave the Colony, exclusive of those employed by the naval, military and civil authorities; of these, 57 were ruled out (mainly on health grounds) and of the remaining 125 it was found that 43 could be spared, while a further 31, who did not appear before the Commission, have also left, or have made arrangements to do so. The number of men released is not large, but that the establishing of the Commission has served a useful purpose is apparent from the remarks in the report to the effect that its appointment, or anticipated appointment, indirectly brought about the release of an additional number of men, the practicability of sparing whom was so apparent as to render reference to the Commission unnecessary.

Both before the Commission was created and since, we have expressed the view that Hongkong could spare more men than it has done. That opinion has not met with acceptance in all quarters, but we are glad now to see that it is definitely endorsed by the report just issued. The Commissioners say they are forced to the conclusion that had more men applied, more, although it may be not a large number, would have been found able to go, "with no diminution of the Colony's value as asset of the Empire." Holding that view, the Commissioners go a step further by asserting that they would welcome a decision by the Imperial Government to extend to the Colony the obligation of compulsory service with the armies in the field. That is the most important feature of the report, and we are glad that the Commissioners have so clearly expressed their convictions on the point. In other words, the Commission has seen the wisdom of H.E. the Governor's original view on the subject, for it is worth recalling that, in his speech in the Legislative Council on February 23 last, Sir Henry May revealed the fact that he had recommended the Secretary of State to apply compulsion, with special powers of exemption, to Hongkong, but that it was in deference to the strong advice of the Unofficial members of the Executive and Legislative Councils that he consented to call into being a Board which should hear cases voluntarily brought before it. His Excellency has now been vindicated, and we shall await with much interest his promised statement on the subject of military service in relation to this Colony.

We have always held that the application of compulsory service to eligible men in Hongkong, with the establishment of a Tribunal to hear exemptions on the grounds of business and other ties, or on grounds of health, would have been infinitely preferable to the unsatisfactory methods hitherto followed. We believe that it would be welcomed by many a man who has not troubled the Commission with his case because he knew that he could not be accepted for service. What is more, it would definitely establish the fact that every man remaining in the Colony would be in his right place. The Commission evidently realizes this latter point when it records the fact that the younger men in the Colony have, to a certain extent, refrained from appearing before it. The report speaks of doubts appearing to exist in some minds as to whether the Empire needs more men. The Commissioners themselves have no doubts on the point, for they commit themselves to the obviously correct view that the call for more men is becoming increasingly imperative. Hence the need for a definite pronouncement from the local Government. When that is made, all cause for hesitation and uncertainty will be removed.

The Kowloon Latrine.

With regard to the matter of the erection of the ricksha coolies' latrine at Kowloon, we have had an opportunity of hearing the other side of the case, from which it would appear that there was scarcely that measure of public apathy which first impressions conveyed. It will be recalled that the question was raised by Mr. Goldring at the last meeting of the Sanitary Board which he attended prior to his resignation. He was therefore unable to interest himself in the movement for the rejection of the scheme to the extent that he would have done had he not been leaving the Colony. He, however, drew up a draft petition, which he passed on to a prominent Kowloon resident, who in turn conferred with other of the Colony's public men. This petition was found to contain extraneous matter dealing with other subjects than the primary one, and what is more, the two alternative sites suggested were found to be in almost as close proximity to the railway station as the site chosen by the Government, besides being so located that the structure would be far less accessible for purposes of supervision. Realising, therefore, that if such a structure were necessary it must obviously be "within easy reach of the coolies' stand," and that the suggested alternative sites possessed no advantage over that fixed upon by the authorities, these gentlemen came to the conclusion that nothing further could be done in the matter. We make this explanation in fairness to those who interested themselves in the question, and in order to show that the objections were not abandoned before the matter was thoroughly investigated.

"The Next Few Weeks."

"The next few weeks will decide the fate of Germany," Dr. Breitsch is reported as saying, during a speech delivered at Munich on the food question. This "next few weeks" business may not entirely commend itself to the Allied world, which realizes that there is still a lot of road to hoe; but the admission is at least very significant. Every day the disagreeable truth that she must lose badly is being more heavily impressed on Germany; the more so that the special weapon wherein she trusted—the submarine—has proved a rotten stick on which to lean. Submarines have undeniably made matters very awkward for the Allies and have brought, even to Britain, the once unassailable, a food shortage which is decidedly annoying. But there the power of the enemy weapon stops. "Annoying" exactly sums up the position. Meanwhile the blockade of Germany, which was to be crushed by the new submarine, continues with unabated rigour, and Germany's answer to a starving and discontented populace is: "You must learn to live more on vegetables." The question now is, How long will the Hun people be content on such a diet? It is only in accordance with human nature that they should look back wistfully to the days of fatness; the days when nothing was denied them and when their trade overseas was hourly increasing in volume and value. Having cast this look back, what is more natural than that the German public should ask itself who is to blame for the altered state of affairs? The old story about "in the midst of peace our enemies have plunged us into war" has long ago been exploded, and he must be indeed a benighted Boche who still attaches a cent's worth of credence to it. It is pretty well known to-day throughout Germany that it was the Kaiser and his party that did the "plunging," and we can hardly expect the subjects of that gentleman to forget or forgive the fact all in a hurry. It may not be literally within Dr. Breitsch's "next few weeks" that the revolt will come—but it is coming; a general and very active and practical protest by the army and the civilian population of Germany against an insane attempt to enslave the world.

Nearly a Clean Bill.

Save for one fatal case of enteric fever (a Chinese) there was a clean bill of health in Hongkong for the past week.

DAY BY DAY.

EVERYONE IS THE SON OF HIS OWN WORKS—Carrington.

To-morrow's Anniversary. To-morrow is the 46th anniversary of the signing of the treaty on the "Alabama" claims.

The Dollar. The opening rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 2s. 4.13/16d.

Out of Hospital. His many friends in Hongkong will learn with great satisfaction that Dr. W. W. Pearce, Medical Officer of Health, has recovered from his recent illness and is resuming his duties.

Air Tanks Stolen. It has been reported to the Police by Captain Totaka, shipper of the a.s. Seyo Maru that on Saturday ten copper air tanks, valued at \$800, were stolen from a lifeboat on his ship.

Alice Memorial Hospital. The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the Netherwold Hospital Extension Fund:—Tang Cheung Shi, \$50; Mr. D. Wood \$10.

Pick-pocket. A Chinese, who was found to have a number of previous convictions, was charged before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, this morning, with pocket-picking. He was seen to steal a purse from a man's pocket, was found guilty, and was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour.

Theft of Shoes. Before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, at the Police Court this morning, a Chinese, who said he lived in May Road, was charged with stealing a pair of shoes from a shop. The man was seen to put the shoes under his coat and walk away. Sentence of seven days' hard labour was passed.

Discharged. Before Mr. J. E. Wood, at the Police Court this morning, a Chinese was charged with stealing one electric light bulb from the Seyo Maru, now lying off Wanchai. Evidence was given that ten bulbs were found to be missing, and when a coolie boat was searched a bulb was found in a jacket owned by defendant. Defendant denied possession of the jacket, and was discharged.

Alleged Forged Note. The case in which a ship's cook was charged with being in unlawful possession of a forged \$10 note on the Chartered Bank was continued before Mr. J. E. Wood, at the Police Court this morning. Mr. Leo Delmada appeared to defend. Defendant's story was that he picked the note up on board a ship some years ago where he was employed as cook. He knew it was a bad one and had never tried to pass it off. It was when he was arrested for having opium that the note was discovered. The case was adjourned until to-morrow morning.

Carrying Arms. For possessing two Mauser pistols and a magazine rifle, three Chinese were charged before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, at the Police Court this morning. Sergeant Fowler saw the men leaving the Empress of Russia to go to a sampan, and he discovered the arms under the boards of the boat. Mr. F. X. D'Almada appeared to defend, saying the defendants were simply carriers, being paid a small sum to take the arms away. One of the defendants, a woman, and who is the licence of the sampan, was fined \$50, the other two being discharged with a caution.

Foolish Women.

There have been two more cases of Chinese credulity reported to the Police during the week-end. A married woman, of 10, Bridges Street, reports that she gave her two bangles, valued at \$15, to a man who said he wanted to take them as a pattern for some bangles he wanted to get. Of course, the man did not return with his easily-gained jewellery. Another woman, of 17, Peking Road, reports that as she was walking in Des Voeux Road, she was accosted by a man, who said that her husband was waiting to give her \$65. She followed him, and when on a stairway in Kai U. Tong he asked her for her bangles as security. She gave him these, valued at \$20, and the man immediately ran away.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(The opinions expressed by correspondents are not necessarily those of the "Hongkong Telegraph.")

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.

(To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph.") Sir,—We have all read the report of the Hongkong Military Commission and while public thanks are due to the members for their work, will you allow me to ask you whether it would be opportune that the said Commission should not dissolve, but continue its good work addressing an appeal to the younger men of this Colony? Enclosing my card, Yours, etc., VENETIAN.

Hongkong, May 6, 1917.

GERMAN EXCLUSION.

Sir,—In connection with the recent correspondence in your excellent paper regarding the exclusion of the Germans from the Colony, no doubt the following extract from "Degenerate Germany" by Henry de Habsalle, who speaks from intimate knowledge of the Huns and their "Kultur," would appear fitting food for thought by those who are desirous of holding out the hand of friendship to the Germans at the cessation of hostilities:—

"Forevermore Remember, O ye Christian Nations of the Earth, the vile Germanic race."

In your Schools teach ye your Youth the everlasting iniquity of these impious and depraved barbarians.

Above the Gates of your Capitals cut deep these words:—No German enters here.

In your Market places, upon the portals, these engrave:—No wares herein came from the great Asiaman's crimson head.

Upon the doors of your Churches, ay, and above your altars, let those who worship read:—Father forgive them not, for they know what they do."

Yours etc., PRO PATRIA.

Hongkong, May 5, 1917.

FAIR PLAY FOR JAPAN.

An American Doctor's Plea.

Asserting that the anti-Japanese campaign in America had been largely a thing of German manufacture, and that all Japan asks of the United States is that there shall be "no humiliating race discriminatory legislation," Dr. Sidney L. Cullik, of the Commission on Relations with the Orient of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, told the Men's Forum of the Broadway Tabernacle recently that much depended upon the future policy of this country toward China and Japan. He pointed out that should Japan come to the conclusion that America will never treat her people here as she treats people of other nations, and if Germany and Russia should offer her friendship and alliances more in harmony with her self-respect and economic necessities, America could not condemn Japan for accepting those offers and for turning to them rather than to us. "By proper treatment of Asiatics here can America hope to retain permanently the friendship of both China and Japan," he said. "It is easy to see that friendship with those two mighty nations of the Far East will be increasingly important for us no less than for them. It lies largely with America to widen or to annul the chasm between the white man and the Asiatic. The issues are critical for the entire world."

TYPHOON WARNING.

The telegram quoted below was received by the American Consulate General, Hongkong, from the Manila Observatory at 11 a.m. yesterday:—Cyclone or typhoon S. E. of Formosa, direction unknown.

CIVIL SERVICE CLUB.

Opening of Lawn Bowls Season.

There was a very large attendance at the Civil Service Recreation Club ground, Happy Valley, on Saturday afternoon, the opening of the bowling season being marked by a bowls competition and an "At Home." In addition to the large number of ladies and visitors from other Clubs, the President of the Club, the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn, O.M.G., Lieut.-Col. John Ward, M.P., and other officers of the Middlesex Regiment attended. The green was opened for the season by Mr. Claud Severn sending up the first shot, following which the spoon competition was proceeded with. Four rinks were in use and the following was the result of play:—

Messrs. Grant, Sim, Gerrard and Pitt (Police) beat Messrs. Polley, Stanley, Denoon and McLeod, 27 shots to 13.

Messrs. Wotherpoon, Russell, Frowse and Ferguson (Taikoo) beat Messrs. Hudson, Tacchi, Bond and Fincher, 22 to 13.

Messrs. May, Chapman, Harvey and Russell (Kowloon) beat Messrs. Mace, Graham, Fisher and Blair, 22 to 16.

Messrs. Middleton, G. Watt, Foulds and Weir beat Messrs. Oxberry, Knobb, Bacon and Hon. Mr. Severn, 24 to 9.

The band of the 18th Infantry, under Mr. J. M. Furtado, added greatly to the enjoyment of the afternoon by a splendid selection of music. Praise should be given to the secretary, M. P. T. Lambie, and his assistants for the able manner in which everything was arranged, and the ladies who assisted in the providing of the tea should not be forgotten.

Owing to the heavy rain which marked the conclusion of the afternoon, the presentation of spoons had to take place in the Club House, the spoons being handed to the successful teams by Mr. Severn, speeches of thanks being made by Mr. Russell, of Taikoo, Mr. Davidson, of Kowloon, and Mr. Gerrard of the Police Club.

On behalf of the Club, Mr. Severn expressed the pleasure it gave them to see so many present, and, after a humorous reference to the game of bowls, hoped that the Club would have a successful season and often have visitors to play against them.

Mr. C. Bond, who sympathetically referred to the death of Mr. Dawson, proceeded to sell the deceased's set of bowls for the benefit of the widow and they realised the high price of \$30. A cake left from the tea was also put up for auction, fetching \$7 and some small cakes \$8.

Lieut.-Col. John Ward, M.P., having been welcomed to the Club by Mr. Bond, made a brief reply, expressing the thanks of himself and fellow officers for an enjoyable afternoon.

Before the Chief Justice, in the Summary Court this morning, a woman named Anita D'Almada sued F. H. Bannister, second officer of the Kinsman, for \$42 for money paid on behalf of defendant at his request.

Mr. E. F. Griat appeared for plaintiff and Mr. J. H. Gardiner was present for defendant, but said that he had no instructions regarding the matter. He had sent a letter to the offices of the Company by which defendant was employed, telling him that the case was fixed for to-day, but he had had no reply and could not say whether the defendant had received it.

Plaintiff said that defendant had given her an I.O.U. for \$25 and she had advanced the balance since. The money was spent on hats, boots, shoes etc. The defendant had stayed at her house for two or three days.

Judgment was given for plaintiff with costs.

Case Lost in his Absence.

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TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

The announcement from Rome that Don Lorenzo Perosi has completed a "grand symphony inspired by the world war" recalls the Perosi boom which stirred the musical world some 18 years ago, says the Daily News. The young priest, who is now Director of the Papal Choir, then 25 years of age, suddenly let loose a perfect deluge of ambitious works—masses, Te Deums, oratorios, motets, and chamber music—which apparently paralysed the faculties of the critics, who, unable to keep pace with the output, somewhat hastily classed him with the musical giants of the past. He was even spoken of as the eighth wonder of the world: presents were sent to him from every part of the civilised world. Among the gifts were scores of batons specially made for him, one sent from Vienna being encrusted with rubies and emeralds.

Then came the reaction, and critics, having pulled themselves together, began pulling the Perosi compositions to pieces in a very thorough manner. But the adverse criticism had little effect on the composer's popularity in Italy, though it probably was the cause of his neglect in other countries. Perhaps, as was the case with many of the great composers, he has profited by the candid criticism, in which case his war symphony may justify the premature prophecies as to his gaining a place among the immortals. Perhaps Sir Henry Wood will give us a chance to hear it at the Queen's Hall.

"The other day," writes a Daily News correspondent in Paris, "I saw in an English newspaper a statement that Captain Guymer was half an Englishman, and had been educated at an English school. This is not the case. I asked the best authority, Guymer himself. The famous 'ace' does not speak more than a very little English, but he told me his father was at school in England, though he did not remember where. His grandmother's name was Scott, and he believed, though he could not vouch for it, that she was of the family of the great Sir Walter."

The honour that has fallen to the 1st Battalion Lancashire Fusiliers is, the Daily News believes, without precedent in the history of the British Army. In August, 1915, three V.O.s were conferred for the famous landing at "W" Beach, Gallipoli; and to-day three more are announced—six in all—to the battalion for a single feat of arms. Two of the new V.O.s lost their lives. Sir Ian Hamilton described the taking of "W" Beach as the finest feat of arms ever performed by the British or any other army. It is not the least striking testimony to the impossibility of distinguishing supreme valour where all showed such superb courage that the authorities apparently left the selection of the three now honoured (as in some other cases) to the suffrages of their comrades. The method of selection must add a glow—if that be possible—to the honours so dearly won.

The Pope has just created a diocese of Essex, with Monsignor Ward, the distinguished scholar and author, as Bishop designate. Times have changed since 1850, and the Ecclesiastical Titles Act fuses, and he can do it without any trouble. It is a much more awkward business in the Anglican Church. If Lord William Cecil's huge diocese really is cut up, and a Bishop of Plymouth created, it will need an Act of Parliament before a Baptist Prime Minister can appoint him.

M. Painleve, the new War Minister, is perhaps the most prominent personage in M. Ribot's Cabinet, says the Daily News, as he was the most energetic and tireless of M. Briand's critics. It is certain at least that he will not make the mistake which drove General Lytton from office. He is anything but blunt, a most dexterous person, with academic tastes and a decided turn for oratory. A French writer in this paper recently remarked that Painleve's personality would not easily be extinguished in an atmosphere. He has certainly been a very active if rather obscure figure in French—and indeed, I am told, in Allied—politics for a long time.

EXHIBITION FOOTBALL.

Presentation of Cup and Medals.

The winners this season of the Hongkong Football League cup and medals, the Royal Engineers, met a combination from the Rest of the Clubs in the League at Happy Valley on Saturday afternoon, the event being arranged primarily for the purpose of allowing the winners of the League to be presented with their well-earned trophy. There was a large attendance and the match proved to be an interesting one, for after a well-contested game the Rest were defeated by the Champions by two goals to one, though the result should have been otherwise. A collection was taken on behalf of the St. Dunstan's Home for Blind Soldiers, quite a good sum being realised.

The first half of the match was evenly contested and the score sheet was a blank until Scott, of the R.E.'s had the misfortune to handle within the penalty area, Greston doing the scoring trick with the resultant kick. Just before the interval Coxon brought the scores level.

Some exceedingly fine football was seen in the second half and it looked as if matters would end in a draw. But during a scramble in front of the Engineers' goal Scott had the misfortune to handle again, giving the Rest a penalty kick. Stalker took this, but apparently feeling that a goal was too much of a penalty for the handling, purposely kicked wide. In the subsequent play the Engineers scored again, through Pearce, thus giving them the victory by two goals to one.

After the match, the Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak presented the League cup and medals to the Engineers, and in doing so mentioned that the R.E.'s had only won the trophy after a tie with the R.G.A., a play off being necessary which was won by the R.E.'s by one goal to nil. A similar state of affairs had existed in the Second Division, the A Company K.S.L.I. defeating B Company after two replays.

Mr. Holyoak also explained that the Hon. Secretary (Q. M. Sergt. Williams, R.E.) has handed the medals to the Shropshire as owing to military exigencies a presentation was not possible.

After the presentation, the League Hon. Secretary, on behalf of the League, thanked the Hon. Mr. Holyoak and Mrs. Holyoak for attending, and expressed the wish that they would continue to attend similar functions for many years to come. The little daughter of Q. M. Sergt. Williams then handed a bouquet in a silver holder to Mrs. Holyoak.

The Hon. Mr. Holyoak announced that the amount collected was \$120.02, and a few dollars were added after this, making a creditable amount for the deserving St. Dunstan's Home fund.

FOR THE FRONT.

Farewell to Three Portuguese.

Yesterday the Portuguese community gave a hearty send-off to Messrs. Meher, Pereira and Marques, who have volunteered their services to join the British Army at the front. They were previously entertained by both the Lusitano and Catholic Union Clubs, when they each received \$25 as a souvenir from the community, and patriotic speeches were delivered by the Portuguese Consul and Presidents of both Clubs.

After the Church Service yesterday, the three men were escorted to the Club Lusitano, and a detachment of the Portuguese section of the Police Reserve Corps, under Inspectors Silva-Netto and Alves, with the band, marched to the Blake Pier, where an enormous crowd was waiting for their arrival. The three young men were decorated with flowers and flags, and they were loudly cheered as they arrived at the pier. After taking farewell of their relatives and friends, they embarked in a special launch to a steamer in port, amidst loud cheers and the playing by the band of "Auld Lang Syne." Seldom has such a patriotic send-off been seen in Hongkong.

FAREWELL SMOKER.

Successful Function at H.K.P.R. Club.

On Saturday night, members of the Police Reserve were at home at their club to a number of Service men, including Corporal Scott, R.E., and Sapper Richards, who are shortly leaving the Colony. In spite of the bad weather, and of the fact that various other social or theatrical events were taking place at the same time, there was a good attendance, and a most successful smoking concert was held. There was no dearth of good things to eat, to drink and to smoke, and it is safe to say that every man present had a splendid time. The chair was taken by Staff Inspector Wildin, with whom were Musketry Inspector Olinchen, and Inspectors Gegg, Clarke, Arculli and R. W. Tapp. The guests included Captain Buck, R.E., one or two other Army officers, and Inspector Gordon, H.K.P.

Bandman Crane acted as accompanist during the evening, and also contributed some excellent musical items on his own account. He is a remarkably clever entertainer and will always receive a warm welcome on Hongkong platforms. So, too, will the brothers Mac, also of the Middlesex Regt. Bandman L. Mac received a prolonged recall for a beautiful cello rendering of Tchaikowski's "Overture in E-flat major," and he and his brother (violin) took part in various trios with Bandman Crane which were magnificently given. Another military contributor was Bombardier Bealand, whose clever singing of "The Insurance Act," and other comic songs, kept the audience on splendid terms with itself. Other performers were Messrs. Ward, Brooks, A. B. Allen, A. J. England, Day and Trooper Ralph, all of whom gave most enjoyable turns.

At the interval, Inspector Wildin, after a very straightforward and manly speech, presented Corporal Scott with a championship belt and Sapper Richards with a silver cigarette case and match-box on behalf of the Police Reserve. Mr. Wildin read a letter from Mr. F. C. Jenkin, D.S.P. (R.) in which the latter regretted that he had been confined to the house by doctor's orders and therefore was unable to come down and greet "the cleanest fighter he had ever seen." The Chairman referred to the invaluable help rendered in connection with the Corps' boxing meetings by Scott and Richards, wished them God-speed, and extended a genial welcome to the visitors.

Captain Buck, as the senior Service man present, thanked the Reserve for their hospitality, and spoke very highly of the Corps, from a point of view both of efficiency and of generosity. Through its efforts, he remarked, Sapper Dyson, who was badly injured last year, had received very practical help on his leaving the Colony, and in all charitable and patriotic work the officers and men of the H.K.P.R. had ever been ready to come forward. Captain Buck's toast—"The Police Reserve"—was then cordially drunk by all the visitors.

Sir Hedworth Meux and Kitchener.

It is to the everlasting credit of Sir Hedworth Meux—of China Squadron fame—that he has hit hard and sharp at the slanders of the late Lord Kitchener, the man who saved the Empire at the outset of the war. "Now," said the Admiral, at a National Service demonstration in London last month, "things are thrown in his dead teeth because he did not do everything that was absolutely perfect. . . . When I read these things I think of the proverb 'A living dog is better than a dead lion.' I dare say some of you have read the Dardanelles Report." The Admiral spoke for the overwhelming majority of the people of the Empire. Lord Kitchener was as near perfection as it is possible for man to be. The shirkers and backbiters are his meanest critics.—London and China Express.

HONGKONG AEROPLANE FUND.

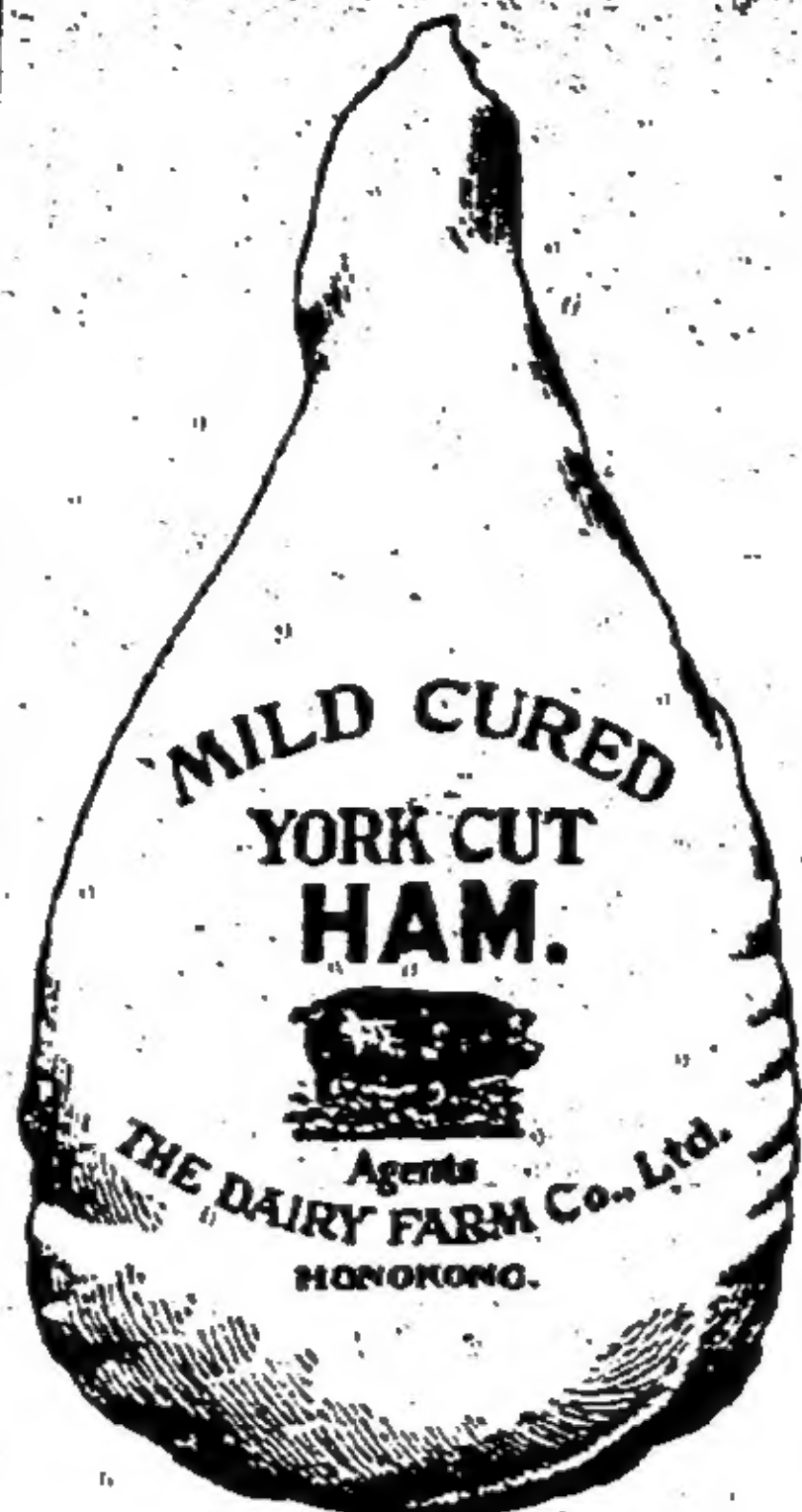
Fourth List of Subscriptions.

Eric, Vida and Doris	\$50
R. W. Tao	50
D. Jaffe	50
J. Legge	10
F. C. Jenkin	10
H. A. Lummen	10
A. Balesan	10
C. A. Mutton	10
E. T. H. Banje	10
R. S. V.	10
Anonymous (Eng. Inst.)	10
Un Hui Fan	10
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton	10
B. D. F. Beith	10
R. Sutherland	10
C. E.	10
A. Salt	10
J. Lambert	10
J. Mounseyman	10
D. S. Hawker	10
E. Tobias	10
E. F. Ancoot, S. E. Grimstone, A. B. Stewart, E. E. Macdougall, A. W. Eastman, M. MacIntyre, F. Raich, J. Macdonald, C. Reed, B. L. Frost, W. T. Edwards, J. Hutchings, D. Sutherland, J. A. Howe, C. Sars, J. O. Miller, T. P. Thomas, W. Snowdon, E. P. Bamford, another Salt	\$500 each
Collected by Mr. W. T. Elson:	\$100
Mr. Lotley	20
H. Wiseman	15
S. Mitford	10
G. Cowell	10
J. Farrell	10
J. E. Jones	10
C. Alexandra	10
G. W. Eddy	10
G. A. E. M.	10
L. E. Edwards	10
H. Jackson, Eylebratt, Lawson, F. T. Harris, D. Goldenberg, W. McCracken, B. Tilkina, H. Simpson, G. Atkinson, W. Anderson, G. C. White, A. H. Brown, B. A. Ballantine, R. A. Smith, J. V. Simpson, E. Walker, J. Fitzpatrick, J. Swanson, E. Macle, F. Best, W. Cullen, W. Butcher, H. Beveridge, T. Blair-Muir, W. R. Mc Carthy, H. W. Taylor, R. J. Dalkin, E. Thompson, A. J. Paterson, W. G. Johnson, W. Mc Kinnon, C. M. Piveton, E. A. Martin, J. H. Ware, W. S. Lamball, W. Cox, A. McKelvie, S. P. Tallock, A. Harrison, W. Smith, J. Colquhoun, H. P. Corvess-Henson, G. Erwin, R. V. Cameron, E. H. Lawrence, W. G. Davis, A. M. Short, B. For, Me, J. Dirgen, F. C. Townsend, H. Morton, R. Rixburgh, W. McCormack, W. Brewer, E. Stora, H. B. Hope, A. Kerr, B. Thorburn, W. Saiter, J. Wardlaw, E. M. Beith, J. McIntyre, J. Baxter, E. Bieser, P. W. Howge, J. Edwards, A. O. Love, D. McOormack, W. Paxton, L. E. Paine, W. Dryden, O. E. Wilks, B. W. Pritchard, A. Jackson, \$5 each	385 00
A. Torres, A. Crawford, \$2 each	4 00
	934 00
Previously acknowledged	3,358 29
Total	\$4,292 29

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Order issued to-day by Mr. F. C. Jenkin, D.S.P. (Reserve) state:—
Company Parades.
Tuesday, May 8.—No. 3 Company and Ambulance Platoon at Central, 5 45 p.m.
Wednesday, 9.—No. 2 Section at Water Police Station 5 45 p.m.
Thursday, 10.—No. 1 Section and No. 2 Platoon at Central 5 45 p.m. This parade is changed from Wednesday, May 9th.
Police School.
Friday, May 11.—Examination of Classes IX, X, and XI.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.



ABSOLUTELY
THE
BEST
IN
THE
COLONY.

THE PRIZE COURT.

Frisia's Cargo Condemned.

At the Supreme Court this morning (in Prize) before the Chief Justice, the Attorney General (the Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp) made an application for the condemnation of 44 packages of tea, brassware and sampler, a portion of the cargo of the s.s. Frisia, a German ship. He said his Lordship had condemned on September 23, 1914, 35 bars of gold. There was no doubt at the all but the ship was condemned. The goods had been sold because they were perishable, and he now wanted an order regarding the proceeds.
The application was granted.

OVERTIME AND HEALTH.

A man or woman working overtime to keep up the supply of munitions is serving our country. Even if health suffers, it is a sacrifice which the patriotic worker will not regret. And with proper protection the health can be safeguarded.

In other trades also workers are putting too great a strain on their strength.

Someone else, besides the firm, has to pay for overtime. The workers have to pay for it. They pay in nervous, broken sleep, over-tired nerves, and low spirits. They pay in anemia and impoverished blood. They pay in enfeebled health and premature age—unless they protect themselves.

But they can protect themselves. The protection is plenty of pure, rich blood, and the one way to make good blood in plenty is to take Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people. You will soon see the effect in an improved appetite, better spirits, and the power to go on working overtime without being hurt by it. A man or woman with plenty of blood in the veins is capable of heavy work and long hours without suffering. And the pills which make blood are the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, obtainable everywhere, also direct from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Eschen Road, Shanghai, \$1.50 per bottle, \$8/- for six, post free.

Free—A useful book can be had free by sending a post card for a Health Guide to the above address.

WHEN YOU WAKE
TOMORROW MORNING

today's liverishness, biliousness, or sick-headache will have disappeared if you seek the aid of

PINKETTES

tonight. To dispel constipation, stimulate digestion, clear the complexion, Pinkettes are perfection. Of all dealers, or, post free, 60 cents the phial from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Eschen Road, Shanghai.

TO-DAY'S
ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—No. 10, SEYMOUR TERRACE. From 1st June, 1917. Apply. P. M. N. da Silva, 6, Des Voeux Road.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—Kowloon, FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED ROOM. Board if desired. Apply 6, Victoria View.

WANTED.

WANTED.—SHIP'S DOCTOR. Urgently required. Apply Box No. 128, Hongkong Telegraph.

JOHN MILLER DAWSON
DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late John Miller Dawson Chief Engineer Indo-China Steam Navigation Company's S.S. "Kwong-sang" who died at Swatow on the 10th day of March, 1917, are requested to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned on or before the 31st May, 1917, after which date I will proceed to pay over the assets to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I have had notice.

And notice is hereby also given that all persons indebted to the deceased are hereby required to make payment to me forthwith.

WM. MCMURRAY,
44 Seward Road,
Sole Executor.
Shanghai, 30th April, 1917.

SAKURA BEER

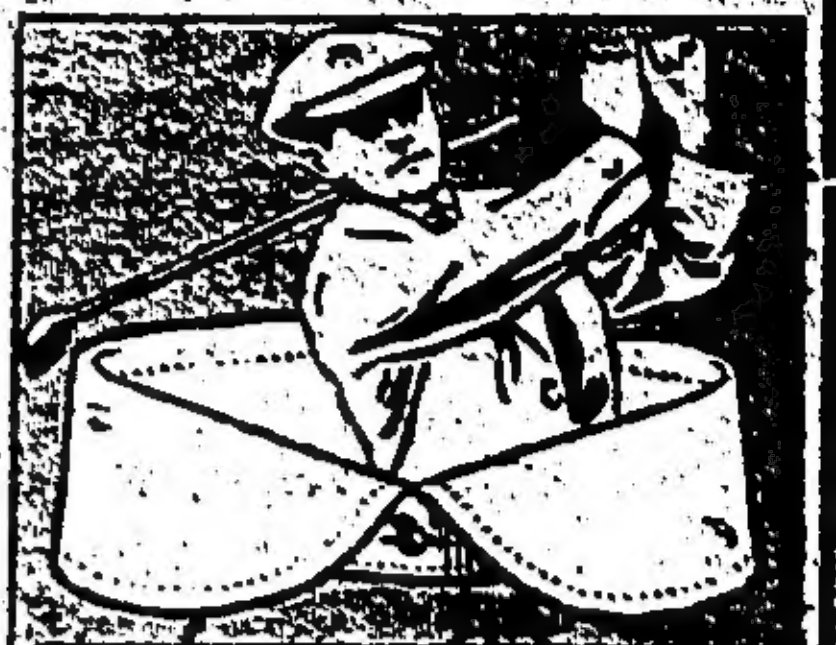


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TEL. 468
ALEXANDRA BUILDING.

Summit
SHAPE
63
FRONT 1 1/2 inch.
BACK 1 1/2 inch.

The Collar that is comfortable on the hottest day. The band is exceptionally low in front all wing perfect freedom for the neck, and yet the Collar does not lose any of its "Dressy" appearance because the top fold in front is cut deep enough to set well down on to the shirt.

40 cts. each 6 for \$2.25



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10, DES VOEUX ROAD. TELEPHONE NO. 22.

Wm. Powell Ltd
TELEPHONE 346

ALWAYS
SOMETHING
NEW IN
TIES

FOR
DAY or
EVENING WEAR.



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OF THE
NEWEST DESIGNS.

OPEN END AND BOW TIES IN SILK
AND WASHING ZEPHYR'S.

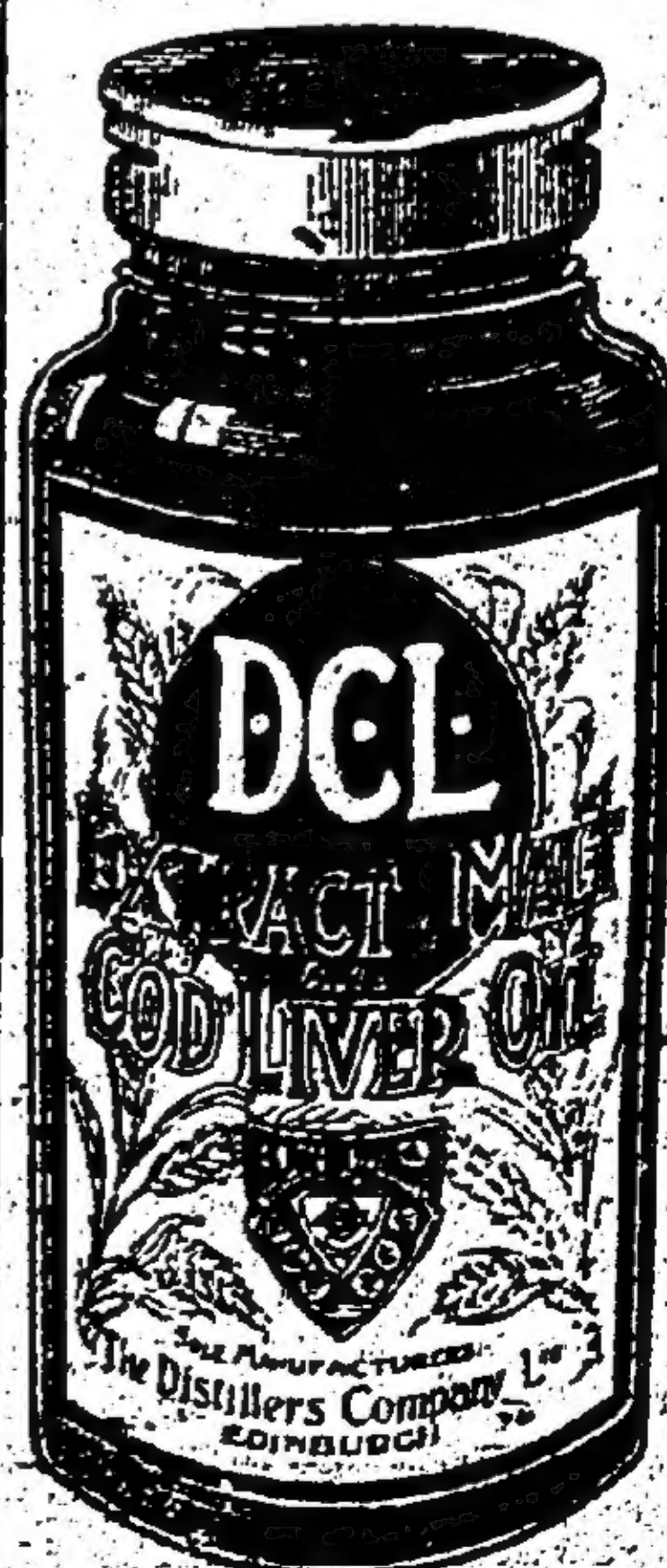
KNITTED NECKWEAR etc.

COLUMBIA RECORDS.
JUST RECEIVED.

7291	A Perfect Day	...	Tenor
	Somewhere a Voice
2673	A Broken Doll	...	Baritone
	Land of Gra-Ma-Chree
7261	Parted	...	Tenor
	My Dreams
7262	Widdicombe Fair	...	Bass
	Richard of Taulon Deane
2668	Robin Adair	...	Soprano
	Comin' Thro' The Rye

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.
6, DES VOEUX ROAD, TEL. 1322.

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Malt Extract
with
Cod Liver Oil.



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LONDON VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID & MARSEILLES.

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LONDON & BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID & MARSEILLES.

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS. Return tickets at a fare and a half available to Europe for two years, or Intermediate Ports for six months. Round-the-world and through tickets to New York, at Special Rates.

For PASSAGE RATES, HAND-BOOKS, FREIGHTS, DATES OF SAILING, ETC., apply to:-

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s office
Hongkong, 1st April, 1917.

E. V. D. Parr,
Superintendent.

SHIPPING

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Projected Sailings from Hongkong—
Subject to Alteration

Destination.	Steamers.	Sailing Date
LONDON via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Delagoa Bay, Cape Town, Madeira.		
VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE via Keelung, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Nagoya & Yokohama.	Yokohama Maru Capt. Terada T. 12,500	WED., 9th May, at noon.
CUTTACK via S'pore, P'ang & Rangoon.	Kamakura Maru Capt. Shioh T. 12,500	FRI., 8th June, at noon.
BOMBAY via S'pore, Malacca & Cebu.		
SHANGHAI Moji	Tenshin Maru Capt. Taniguchi T. 8,030	WEDNESDAY, 16th May.
SHANGHAI and Kobe	Kamo Maru Capt. Inada T. 16,000	THURS., 17th May, at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI, Kobe & Yokohama	Kashima Maru Capt. Tosa T. 21,000	MON., 21st May, at 11 a.m.
NAGASAKI—Kobe & Yokohama	Tango Maru Capt. Soyeda T. 13,530	FRI., 18th May, at 11 a.m.
EASTBOUND NEW YORK LINE VIA PANAMA CANAL. (CARGO ONLY)		

NEW YORK via Manila, San Francisco, Panama and Colon.

Wireless Telegraphy.
Telephone Nos. 292 & 293.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
B. MORI, Manager.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE
VIA SHANGHAI, THE INLAND SEA, JAPAN & HONOLULU.
Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamer.	Displacement Tons & Speed	Leave Hongkong
Siberia Maru	18,000—18 knots	12th May.
Tenyo Maru	22,000—21 knots	23rd May.
Nippon Maru	11,000—15 knots	14th June.
Shinyo Maru	22,000—21 knots	19th June.
Persia Maru	9,000—14 knots	3rd July.
Korea Maru	18,000—18 knots	14th July.
1st class to London G\$348. (£71.10.0), return G\$674. (£122). to San Francisco G\$150. return G\$437.50. Cargo only. Proceeding to South America Ports. For this voyage the Persia Maru will call at Honolulu. Special Rates given to NAVY, MILITARY, CIVIL SERVANTS, MISSIONARIES to SOUVENIR TRAVELERS. Tickets issued in connection with all the Principal Mail lines and the Trans-Siberian Railway. Passengers may travel by railway between ports of call to Japan free of charge.		
SOUTH AMERICAN LINE. Via JAPAN PORTS, SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU, ILOILO, LOS ANGELES. Steamer Anyo Maru Tons & Speed 15,500—15 knots Leave Hongkong 11th Sept. For full particulars as to Passage & Freight, apply to T. DAIGO, Agent. KING'S BUILDINGS. Telephone No. 291.		

JAVA PACIFIC LINE
OF THE
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Monthly Service between
MANILA, HONGKONG AND SAN FRANCISCO.
Next sailings for SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI.
Subject to change without Notice.
S.S. Arakan 20th May. S.S. Bintang 12th July.
Tjondar 11th June.
ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.
The steamers have accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers and carry a duly qualified surgeon.
Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Points in the United States of America and Canada.
For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to—
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.
Hongkong, York Buildings, Managing Agents.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO. LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.
S.S. CHINA
WILL SAIL FROM HONGKONG FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU.
JUNE 23, SEPTEMBER 5, 1917.
AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER
SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATES.
O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent,
Prince's Buildings, Ice House Street. Tel. 1934.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Owners of The "SHIRE"
Line of Steamers.
FOR SAILINGS TO AND FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS.
Please Apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.
Telephone No. 215, 216, 217, 218, 219.

SHIPPING

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers	To Sail
SHANGHAI	Chenan	8th May at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	Tean	9th May at noon.
DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly. S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL".		
MANILA LINE—Twin Screw Steamers "Chinua," "Taming," and "Tean." Excellent Saloon accommodation Amidships; Electric fans fitted; Extra State-rooms on Deck Aft, on "Taming" & "Tean."		
SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO. S.S. "Anhui," "Chenan," "Sunning," "Yingchow," "Shantung," and "Sichuan," with excellent accommodation, electric light and fans in Saloon and State-rooms, maintain a regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.		

For Freight or Passages apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Telephone No. 34.
Hongkong May 7, 1917.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between
CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	To
Tijlapijap	...	8th May	14th May	KOBE
Tijpanas	...	23rd May	28th May	SHANGHAI
Tijliwong	...	31st May	6th June	KOBE
Tijlaroom	...	7th June	13th June	SHANGHAI

"The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric lights and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia."
For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.
York Building. Tel. 1574.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.
FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND KOCHOOW AND RETURN.
(Occupying \$ to 10 days.)
Steamships. Captain Leaving.
Haifan ... A. E. Hodgins ... FRI., 11th May, at noon.
Haifong ... J. W. Evans ... TUES., 15th May, at noon.

FOR SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).
For Freight and Passage, apply to
Douglas Lapraik & Co.,
General Managers.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(Projected Sailings from Hongkong.—Subject to Alteration.)
For Steamship On
TIENTSIN ... Chipshing Tues., 8th May at noon.
SHANGHAI ... Wosang Thurs., 10th May at 4 p.m.
SANDAKAN ... Mausang Sat., 1st May at noon.
MANILA ... Yuensang Sat., 19th May at 3 p.m.
CALCUTTA LINE.—Three sailings per month from Hongkong to Calcutta calling at Singapore and Penang.
Returning from Calcutta, steamers proceed to Kobe and Moji, frequently calling at Shanghai.
These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light and carry a fully qualified surgeon.
SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and "Hao Hai," sometimes calling at "Woo." Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and the high tickets can be obtained for Porters and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.
Through Billings are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.
MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Saturday.
HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at S'pore when convenient.
BORNEO LINE.—Two sailings per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by steamers having up to date accommodation for passengers.
Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kadal, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau and Labud Duta.
TIENTSIN LINE.—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tientsin calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

Under Straits Government Passport Regulations.

All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlement, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD
General Managers.

Telephone No. 215.

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver.

In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway.

EMPRESS OF ASIA. EMPRESS OF RUSSIA.

30,625 tons displacement. 30,625 tons displacement.
Electric Heat in Every Cabin. Electric Light in Every Cabin.
One, Two and Three-Room Suites with Private Bath.
Laundry—Gymnasium—Verandah Cafe.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN. MONTEAGLE.

11,000 tons displacement. 12,000 tons displacement.
Twin Screw Steel Steamships, with Modern Accommodations.
Excellent Table. Redwood First Class Fare.

S.S. "Monteagle" calls at Moji instead of Nagasaki. ALL STEAMERS call at Shanghai both East and West Bound.

Through Bills of Lading issued via Vancouver in connection with Canadian Pacific Ry. to all Overland Points in Canada and the United States, also to Pacific Coast Points, European Ports and the West Indies.

For information as to Rate of Freight, Passage, etc. apply to Agents:

HONGKONG—MANILA—SHANGHAI—NAGASAKI—MOJI—KOBE—YOKOHAMA.
P. D. SUTHERLAND,
General Agent, Passenger Department,
Hong Kong.
J. M. WALLACE,
General Agent,
Hong Kong.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

Regular Service Between
SHANGHAI and JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

WESTWARD.

The above steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For freight or passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, Mar. 21, 1917.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS
TO
UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to approach the undersigned.
Steamers proceed via Cape of Good Hope.
Subject to change without notice.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.,
General Agents,

or to REISS & Co. Canton
Hongkong, 2 Jan., 1917.

MOTOR CARS

FOR SALE OR HIRE
ORDERS BOOKED IN ADVANCE. APPLY—
EXILE GARAGE.
Tel. No. 1038. 222 YUUX ROAD.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Shanghai Dock Co.
The first of the four steamers being built by the Shanghai Dock & Engineering Co. to the order of the British Government, the D'Amphibio-Kriessels and D'Amphibio-Kriessels, of D'Amphibio, was launched from the Floating yard of the company on April 23. The vessel, which is of 3,000 tons dead weight, were ordered before the war and the price was, according to the contract, to be \$250,000 for each of the four steamers. On account of the many difficulties caused by the war, delivery has, however, been considerably delayed, but an arrangement has now been arrived at by which the steamers will be completed about the end of the year. The material had mainly to be imported from the United States, and for this and other reasons the price will be somewhat higher than stipulated for in the contract, but still it will not exceed 300 kroner (about \$17 10s) per ton dead weight, or less than a half of what similar new ships are now costing.—*Exchange.*

Loss in Merchant Ships.
Losses of merchant vessels amounting to more than 420,000 tons thus far in March have resulted from war measures of the central Powers. Lord Charles Bessford said in the House of Lords on March 27. In a debate in the House of Lords on the British blockade, Lord Bessford said that with longer days and calmer weather the losses would increase and that the public ought to have the fact brought home to it. The number of vessels destroyed thus far this month was given by him as 255. Lord Bessford expressed the opinion that captures of submarines by the British were not at all equivalent to the new submarines the Germans were launching. The losses of British, allied and neutral vessels for February, he said, amounted to 281 vessels, with an aggregate tonnage of more than 500,000. Figures given out in London on March 3 placed the amount of tonnage destroyed by German submarines in February at about 480,000. No mention was made at this time of ships destroyed by mines. The German Admiralty announced on March 18 that the aggregate gross tonnage of merchant ships destroyed through war measures of the Central Powers was 781,500.

R.N.R. Officer's Heroism.
The King has been pleased to confer the decoration of the Albert Medal of the Second Class on Acting Lieutenant Frederick William Weeks, R.N.R. The following is the account of the services in respect of which the decoration has been conferred.—On the night of Thursday, January 18, 1917, a member of the crew of one of his Majesty's ships, when returning from leave, fell into the sea between the ship and the quay. The matter was at once reported to Acting Lieutenant Frederick William Weeks, R.N.R., to whom it was obvious that any attempt at rescue must be attended with considerable danger. The ship, which was kept clear of the side of the quay by spar ladders of only nine inches in diameter, was working to and fro with the slight swell entering the harbour. Moreover, the man was incapable of helping himself; he was of heavy build and was wearing a uniform greatcoat. In view of the risk to the rescuer of being crushed between the ship and the quay, Lieutenant Weeks decided that he could not order a man down. He therefore took a line and went down himself. By this time the man was almost unconscious. Lieutenant Weeks managed to obtain a hold of his hair and by this means kept him sufficiently above water, while wedging himself with his back against the quay and his knees against the ship's side. During this time he was mostly under water, the temperature of which was 39° F. He succeeded in securing a line round the man, who was hauled on deck. The man was unconscious and very nearly drowned when brought on deck, and there is no doubt that, but for Lieutenant Weeks' prompt measures, he would have lost his life.

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the best form in which to carry travel funds.

13, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL. TEL. NO. 2087.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE BATTLES IN THE WEST.

London, May 5. While the Germans are throwing their men with most reckless contempt of losses into the furnace of the Scarpe Valley, whose importance Reuter explained on the 25th ult., the French success at Craonne is bound to force the enemy to further encroach upon his reserves, for the capture assures the French of definite possession of the long and rocky crest dominating the Aisne Valley and makes another breach in the German defences at Laon. The most remarkable feature of the fighting on the British front is the enormous forces of men used by the Germans compared with the British who are employing a tremendous weight of artillery and economising in man power. The Germans lately have vastly increased their guns, especially their long-range five to thirteen inch naval guns, but this ruthless driving of men to slaughter has not been paralleled. One correspondent says our airmen flying at a great height can see German bodies as a feature of the landscape.

London, May 5. The desperation of the Scarpe fighting is evidenced by the struggle for the windmill north of Gavrelle, which has changed hands eight times in two days. At present the British are in possession of it. There were nine counter-attacks at Bullecourt, all being repulsed. The enemy's position at the chemical works at Roux is described as one of the most complicated machine gun defences ever known, while the conformation of the ground at Roux enables the Germans to bring up reinforcements continuously. The ground at Roux and Gavrelle is so churned with explosives that the infantry move in the most difficult craters and, as trenches at many points do not exist, they are fighting in the open. But the troops of both sides are finding it difficult to shake off their trench habits, often preferring bombs to rifles despite the wonderful targets of moving masses. An officer at one point found two companies of British and Germans bombing in a wood though the range was excessive. He collected half a dozen rifle marksmen and soon settled the Germans.

London, May 5. Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—We carried out a successful raid to the east of Leveguier, taking prisoners. We made progress northward of Havrincourt Wood and in the neighbourhood of Fresnoy. The enemy three times counter-attacked at night time our new positions on the Hindenburg line. Our artillery broke up the first attack and the infantry, after sharp fighting, drove off the others. We repulsed raids on Missines.

London, May 5. Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters states that the most intensive centre of fighting continues to be in the neighbourhood of Bullecourt, where the battle is continuous, surging in and around the ruined village. South-east of the village we appear not only to have maintained our positions on the Hindenburg line, but at night-time our bombers worked their way along an appreciable stretch of both the front and support trenches of the system in the direction of Queant. It is doubtless owing to the great tactical significance of our gains here that the Germans are delivering such violent counter-attacks in which they sustain prodigious losses.

London, May 5. A French communique states:—The Germans violently counter-attacked the Craonne positions captured yesterday. Our machine gun and artillery fire inflicted heavy losses on the assailants who were unable to reach our line at any point. The total number of prisoners here reached 25 men and nine officers including a battalion commander. We also repulsed a strong attack south-east of Berry-au-Bac, where the enemy attempted to carry our positions east of Hill 108.

The enemy to the north-west of Reims attempted to make violent infantry re-attacks after our attack yesterday. The struggle was particularly stubborn and our troops several times repulsed counter-attacks carried out with large effect. During the evening important German reserves were thrown into the battle, but our heavy and field batteries smashed up the assault, which cost the enemy heavy losses.

We identified two fresh divisions on this part of the front, where prisoners numbered 700 since yesterday. In Champagne, after intense artillery struggle, a violent fight began towards the evening in the region of Mont Cornillet. We advanced east thereof and on the northern slopes of Mont Blond. The enemy here attacked with fresh divisions whom our fire repulsed. We took prisoner 100 men and 6 officers, making the total prisoners yesterday over 1,000.

London, May 5. A wireless German official message says:—The English attack on both sides of Bullecourt was repulsed, and our English prisoners increased to 1,235. Excessive artillery firing on the Aisne front continues. Fighting for the possession of Wintberg has not concluded. Attacks by four French divisions between the Aisne and Brimont broke down. The French temporarily penetrated eastward of Neuville, but were driven out. We took prisoner 500. Several French divisions unsuccessfully attempted to take the Heights northward of Prosnies. The enemy lost on Friday seven aeroplanes.

Field Marshal Haig reports that five German aeroplanes yesterday were brought down and four driven down, uncontrollable, while one was shot down by gunfire. Two of ours are missing.

London, May 5. A Paris communique states: Operations continued to develop in conjunction with the British. We were brilliantly successful north-east of Soissons and Chemin-des-Dames despite the desperation of the Germans, who most recklessly employed great contingents. We attacked the salient on the Hindenburg line south-east of Vaux-Aillon and carried German positions on a front of six kilometres. The enemy had exceptional losses in manifold counter-attacks which were shattered by artillery and machine gun fire. German columns marching in the direction of Chearnizy and Chamville were caught and scattered by heavy batteries. We captured the whole plateau in the region of Chemin-des-Dames from the east of Cerny-Plamais to the east of Craonne, despite counter-attacks, and reached the rocky ridges dominating the valley of the Arlette Forest at Vancleers. So far over 4,300 prisoners have been counted, in addition to 1,000 yesterday.

London, May 5. The German evening official message says that a new battle is in progress on a height to the north of the Aisne.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

YESTERDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

THE FIGHTING IN THE WEST.

London, May 5. Sir Douglas Haig reports: We took prisoner on Thursday upwards of nine hundred of the enemy including 33 officers. We strengthened to-day a position captured in a sector of the Hindenburg line and made progress eastwards along the enemy's trench, killing many. There was severe air fighting on Thursday, when three enemy machines were brought down and five driven down out of control. Two machines were also shot down by gun fire, while another was forced down behind our lines. Two of ours are missing.

London, May 5. A wireless German official message states that a fresh English attempt to break through between Aeserville and Queant with from sixteen to seventeen divisions failed. Repeated attacks from dawn until night broke down and the enemy only succeeded in entering Fresnoy. Small portions of the trenches near Bullecourt remained in the enemy's hands. We inflicted heavy losses and took prisoner over a thousand. The enemy had assembled strong cavalry south-eastward of Arras. The battle continues, the artillery being most intense between the Aisne and Brimont. Several French attacks broke down near Bray and Wintberg. The enemy lost ten aeroplanes.

The Russians unsuccessfully attacked northwards of Susita Valley. London, May 5. A Belgian communique states that allied aviators bombed the German aviation centre at Ghistel. Belgian aviators dropped 1500 kilograms of projectiles during the night.

SUBMARINISM.

London, May 5. The French shipping arrivals during the week ended 29th April were 983 above one hundred tons, while 995 left. One vessel over 1000 tons and five under were submerged or mined. Eight vessels were unsuccessfully attacked. Three fishing boats were sunk.

London, May 5. Eighteen of the crew of the torpedoed American steamer Vacuum died from exposure in the boats.

GERMANY AND CHILE.

Amsterdam, May 5. A Berlin telegram denies the German Chilean rupture.

A DESTROYER LOST.

London, May 5. The Admiralty announces that an old-type destroyer was mined and sank in the Channel on Wednesday. An officer and sixty-one of the crew are missing.

THE SILVER MARKET.

London, May 5. Messrs. Samuel, Montagu & Co's report states that the market is narrow and sensitive, moderate transactions having a totally disproportionate effect. New York is selling very little as the American Mint is again buying for its own requirements at the rate of 400,000 ounces weekly.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

OFFICERS HONOURED.

London, May 5. The "Gazette" announces the following decorations to officers of the Indian Army:—
Legion of Honour Croix d'Officier.—Brevet Lt.-Col. James Whitehead.
Legion of Honour Croix de Chevalier.—Lt.-Col. William Fetherstonehaugh, Major Hugo Meynell, Captains Vivian Green Armytage and Donald Robertson.
Croix de Guerre.—Lance Raffles, Ashtar Ali, Naik Bombahadur Gurung and Sepoy Ramaram.
Médaille Militaire.—Conductor A. J. Cameron.
Miscellaneous List.—Havildar Mangal Singh.

LORD CARMICHAEL DECORATED.

London, May 6. The King has invested Lord Carmichael with the Order of the Grand Commander of the Star of India.

PRINCE ALBERT.

London, May 6. Acting Lieutenant Prince Albert has been appointed to the Malaya.

MORE COMBING OUT.

London, May 6. Under the new scheme which will be issued shortly for the release of more men for the Army only skilled men in essential work will be regarded as indispensable. One of the trades directly affected is the textile trade. Hitherto a thousand cotton spinners and weavers have been exempted because their occupations were "certified" but it is understood that the new list protects only certain classes of men directly engaged in the manufacture of naval and military necessities.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

London, May 5. "The Times" announces that the Hon. Frederic Thesiger, heir to the Earl of Chelmsford, Viceroy of India, has died of wounds.

ENEMY DIPLOMATS.

New York, May 5. The Austrian Minister, Count Tarnowski, sailed on board the Ryndam, sailed on board the Ryndam accompanied by two hundred Consuls and Diplomats of the Central Powers, who had assembled from the United States, Cuba and China.

ALLIED MISSIONS IN AMERICA.

Chicago, May 5. The French Mission has arrived. New York, May 5. The British Mission began a series of public conferences with American officials by Admiral De Chair conferring with the Naval Committee of the House of Representatives and Mr. Balfour with the Council for National Defence.

U.S. CENSORSHIP.

New York, May 5. A clause in the Espionage Bill imposing a censorship on newspapers has been rejected by the House of Representatives.

THE SIEGE OF TSINGTAU.

London, May 6. The Prize Court has dismissed the claim of the Commanders of H.M.S. Triumph and U.K. who asked for bounty for destroying German ships at Tsingtau, holding that there was insufficient evidence of how the enemy vessels were sunk.

HONGKONG SHARE REPORT.

S.—SELLERS; SA.—SALES; B.—BUYERS; N.—NOMINAL.

OFFICIAL PRICES.

BANKS.	
H. K. & S. Banks n.	\$713 1/4
MARINE INSURANCES.	
Cantons n.	\$340
North China n.	1.120
Unions n.	\$360
Yangtzes n. ex 73	\$317
FIRE INSURANCES.	
China Fires n.	\$146
H. K. Fires n.	\$325
SHIPPING.	
Douglases n.	\$34 1/2
Steamboats n.	\$18
Indos (Def.) n.	\$134
Indos (Pref.) n.	\$41 1/2
Shells n.	108 1/2
Ferries n.	\$31 1/4
REFINERIES.	
Sugars n.	\$113 1/4
Malabons n.	\$32
MINING.	
Kailans n.	\$1 1/2
Langkats n. b. x. d.	1.17
Raubas n.	\$2.70
Tronohs n.	\$7 1/2
Urals n.	\$1 1/2

DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, &C.

H. K. Wharves n.	\$80
Kowloon Docks n.	\$123 1/2
Shai Docks n.	\$90
LANDS, HOTELS, AND BUILDINGS.	
Centrals n.	\$100
H. K. Hotels n.	\$102
Land Invest. n.	\$97 1/2
H'phreys Est. n.	\$6.25
K'loon Lands n.	\$33
Shai Lands n.	\$80
West Points n.	\$77
COTTON MILLS.	
Ewos n.	\$1.15 1/2
Kung Yiks n.	\$1.14 1/2
Shai Cottons n.	\$1.12 1/2
Yangtzeppos n.	\$1.5 1/2
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Bornes n.	\$8
China Light & P. b.	\$4.75
Providents n.	\$8
Dairy Farms n.	\$23 1/2
Green Islands n.	\$8
H. K. Electric n. b. x. d.	\$43
H. K. Ice Co. n.	\$181
Ropes n.	\$28 1/2
Steel Foundries n.	\$10
Trams, Low Level n. b. x. d.	\$6.70
Trams, Peak, old n.	\$1
Trams, Peak, new n.	\$1
Laundries n.	\$3.40
U. Waterboats n.	\$18
Watsons n.	\$6.30
Wm. Powells n.	\$6.60
Morning Posts n.	\$33

CORRECTED TO NOON MONDAY MAY 7, 1917.

BENJAMIN & POTTS,
Share and General Brokers,
Princes Building.
Tel. address: Broker.

EXCHANGE.

SELLING.	
1/4 Demand	2/4 1/2
30 d/s	2/4 1/2
60 d/s	2/5
4 m/s	2/5 1/2
T/T Shanghai	102 1/2
T/T Singapore	102 1/2
T/T Japan	111 1/4
T/T India	Nom.
T/T San Francisco	57
T/T Java	138 1/2
T/T Manila	Nom.
T/T Hongkong	325 1/2
Demand, Paris	326
BUYING.	
4 m/s L/C	2/5 9/16
4 m/s D/C	2/5 11/16
6 m/s L/C	2/5 13/16
30 d/s Sydney & Melbourne	2/5 13/16
30 d/s San Francisco	58 1/4
4 m/s Marks	Nom.
4 m/s France	327 1/2
6 m/s France	328 1/2
Demand, Germany	57 1/4
Demand, New York	57 1/4
T/T Bombay	Nom.
T/T Calcutta	Nom.
Demand, Calcutta	Nom.
Demand, Manila	114
Demand, Singapore	102
On Haiphong	37 prem.
On Saigon	29 1/2 prem.
On Bangkok	64 1/4
Sovereign	8.25 Nom.
Gold Leaf, per oz.	48.10
Bar Silver, per oz.	38

DISCOUNT PER \$100:
Chinese, 20 cts; pieces 5.7/16 dis.
H'kong, 10 cts; pieces 5.7/16 dis.
H'kong, 20 cts; pieces 5.7/16 dis.
H'kong, 10 cts; pieces 5.7/16 dis.

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

DISCOUNT PER \$100.	
Chinese, 20 cts; pieces 5.7/16 dis.	
H'kong, 10 cts; pieces 5.7/16 dis.	
H'kong, 20 cts; pieces 5.7/16 dis.	
H'kong, 10 cts; pieces 5.7/16 dis.	

BANKS.

BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business Transacted.

INTEREST ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 3 Months 3% per annum.
For 6 Months 4% per annum.

For 12 Months 4 1/2% per annum.

LOOK POON SHAN,
Chief Manager.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

PEAK TRAMWAY CO. LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

EVENING 15 MIN.	
3.00 A.M. to 3.30 A.M.	10 MIN.
3.30 A.M. to 4.00 A.M.	10 MIN.
4.00 A.M. to 4.30 A.M.	10 MIN.
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3.30 A.M. to 4.00 A.M.	10 MIN.
4.00 A.M. to 4.30 A.M.	10 MIN



What Makes "WESTMINSTER SPECIALS" SO GOOD?

A trial reveals a refined flavour and delicate aroma such as none other can boast of.

Westminster
TURKISH SPECIALS.

From all Leading Tobacconists.



THEATRE ROYAL

TO-NIGHT at 9.15

MAURICE E. BANDMAN

PRESENTS

THE WORLD-FAMOUS
CHINESE ILLUSIONIST

CHUNG LING SOO

Supported by Vaudeville direct from London Variety Theatre. OWING TO HIS ENORMOUS SUCCESS His Season will be extended for 2 more nights: TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY May, 8th and 9th, when an ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME will be given.

SOO MATINEE!

WEDNESDAY NEXT, MAY 9, AT 5 P.M.

Repeated By Special Request Chung Ling Soo himself will give the whole Programme.

50 OVER FIFTY ILLUSIONS 50

Two Hours' Baffling Mystery.

PRICES \$3, \$2 and \$1.

Children Half-Price.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA WAR SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.

APPLICATION forms for Membership of the above Association may be obtained from all the Banks or from the undersigned.

THE UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD., Honorary Secretaries & Treasurers, Hongkong, 15th January, 1917.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Valuable Leasehold Property situate at

Tai Po in the New Territories (within the European Reserve) with a Very Desirable Bungalow erected thereon above the Railway Station at Tai Po to be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

TUESDAY, the 8th May, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon

by Messrs. Hughes & Hough, Auctioneers, at their Auction Room at No. 8 Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

The Property consists of:—
ALL THAT piece or parcel of ground situate at Tai Po in that part of the Colony of Hongkong known as the New Territories (within the European Reserve) and registered in the Land Office at Victoria, Hongkong, as TAI PO INLAND LOT NO. 10 with a four-roomed Bungalow, Garden and Servants' Quarters attached.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained either from MESSRS. DEACON, LOOKER, DEACON & HARSTON, 1 Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong, or from MESSRS. HUGHES & HOUGH, The Auctioneers.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

IN THE MATTER OF THE UNION WATERBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED. (and Reduced) and

IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Ordinance No. 58 of 1911.
NOTICE IS HEREBY given that a Petition presented to the Supreme Court of Hongkong on the 17th day of April, 1917, for confirming a Resolution reducing the capital of the above Company from \$500,000 (Five hundred thousand dollars) divided into 50,000 shares of \$10 each (whereof the issued capital is \$277,234 divided into 7,723 shares of \$10 each and the unissued capital is \$222,770 divided into 22,277 shares of \$10 each) to \$116,334 (Four hundred and sixteen thousand eight hundred and thirty one dollars) divided into 27,723 shares of \$10 each (being the issued capital of the Company) and into 22,277 shares of \$10 each (being the unissued capital as aforesaid) is directed to be heard before His Honour the Chief Justice on WEDNESDAY the 9th day of May, 1917, at 10 o'clock A.M.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1917.
DEACON, LOOKER, DEACON & HARSTON,
1, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hongkong,
Solicitors for the Company.

NOTICES.

THE CHINA-BORNEO CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FOURTEENTH YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, St. George's Building at 11 a.m. on FRIDAY, the 18th May, 1917, to receive a Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1916, and the Report of the General Manager and Consulting Committee, and to elect a Consulting Committee and Auditor.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 5th May, to the 18th May, both days inclusive.
THE CHINA-BORNEO CO., LTD.
W. G. DARBY, General Manager.

ASAHI BEER.



ASAHI BEER
DAI NIPPON BREWERY COMPANY LIMITED
Tokyo, Japan

POST OFFICE.

IMPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The public are informed that the undomesticated articles are prohibited from importation into the United Kingdom, either by letter post or by parcel post.

Gold manufactured or unmanufactured, including gold coin and articles containing partly of or containing gold. All manufactures of Silver, other than silver watches and silver watch cases. Jewellery of any description.

Letters and Parcels containing such articles cannot therefore be accepted for transmission by the Post Office.

FRENCH PARCEL REGULATIONS.

The Public are informed that the new regulations adopted by the French Customs insist that senders of parcels addressed to France, Corsica and Algeria must fill in the columns of the regular Customs Declaration particularly and exactly, omitting none of the headings comprised therein.

It is furthermore absolutely necessary to show in the enclosed declaration (1) The full name and address of the addressee (2) A statement as to whether the contents are intended for State supplies or not.

Particulars of outgoing and incoming Mails will not be advertised in future. The Post Office will forward all correspondence posted by the fastest routes.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Siberia and Portuguese East Africa, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 7th at 11.45—No returns from Japanese stations. Pressure has decreased moderately to slightly from Weihaiwei to Shanghai. It is nearly stationary at other reporting stations.

The anticyclone has weakened. It is now central to the south of the lower Yangtze Valley. A depression is shown over S.W. Manchuria.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 13.32 inches. Against an average of 13.33 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW

District	Forecast
1-Hongkong to Gap Road	E. or variable winds, moderate to light, fine.
2 Formosa Channel	The same as No. 1.
3 South coast of China between H.K. and Lamook	The same as No. 1.
4 South coast of China between H.K. and Hainan	The same as No. 1.

China Coast Meteorological Register, May 7, a.m.

Station	Hour	Barometer	Temperature	Humidity	Wind	Weather
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Vostock	6a					
Memuro	5a					
Harbin	5a					
Tokio	5a					
Kobe	5a					
Nagasaki	5a					
Kagima	5a					
Oshima	5a					
Naha	5a					
Yokohama	5a					
Bonin Is.	5a					
Chaofo	5a					
Whaiwai	5a	29.60	54	68	ww	6.0
Hankow	5a					
Ichang	5a					
Kiukiang	5a					
Shanghai	5a	29.56	51	90	as	2.6
Guthrie	5a	29.56	56	81	s	4.6
Shanghai	5a	29.55	65	78	se	1.6
Amoy	5a	29.55	64	68	n	5.7
Swatow	5a					
Taihu	5a	29.55	50	97	ob	0.6
Taihu	5a	29.53	55			0.6
Taihu	5a	29.54	77	91	se	2.6
Koshan	5a	29.58	70			6.6
P'ing	5a	29.51	64			4.6
Canton	5a	29.54	62	100	e	1.6
H'kong	5a	29.52	67	73	se	1.6
Gay Road	5a	29.51				4.6
Macao	5a	29.58	64	84	se	2.6
Wuchow	5a					
Taihu	5a					
Holbow	5a					
Phu Lien	5a	29.51	64	76	nw	2.6
Tourane	5a	29.79	68			nw 6.0
Q. St. J.	5a					
Apurri	5a	29.51	75	86	e	2.6
Cagayan	5a	29.54	77	91	se	1.6
Manila	5a	29.76	77	91	se	0.6
Legaspi	5a	29.78	81	92	se	0.6
Tacloban	5a	29.78	77	94	se	0.6
Iloilo	5a	29.76	75	88	nw	2.6
Surigao	5a	29.76	75	96	se	0.6
Laruan	5a	29.77	72	94	sw	2.6

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

Hongkong Observatory, May 7, 1917.

1 Barometer, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.

2 Temperature, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.

3 Humidity, in percentage of saturation the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.

4 Direction of Wind, to two points.

5 Force of Wind, according to Beaufort Scale.

State of Weather, b blue sky, c detached clouds, d drizzling rain, f fog, g gloomy, h hail, i lightning, o overcast, p passing showers, q equally, r rain, s snow, t thunder, v visibility, w dew wet.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Previous	Day	On date	On date
at 6 a.m.	at 6 a.m.	at 6 a.m.	at 6 a.m.
Barometer	29.52	29.52	29.54
Temperature	73	67	72
Humidity	24	73	62
Wind Direction	N	E	E
Force	4	1	4
Weather	c	c	c
Rain	0.65	0.00	0.00
Light open air Temperature on the lowest	64	64	64

H.K. Observatory, May 7, 1917.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

TIDE TABLE.

From 7th May to 13th May.

Day	High Water	Low Water	High Water	Low Water
at 6 a.m.	at 6 a.m.	at 6 a.m.	at 6 a.m.	at 6 a.m.
Mon. 7	10.15	4.15	10.15	4.15
Tue. 8	10.15	4.15	10.15	4.15
Wed. 9	10.15	4.15	10.15	4.15
Thur. 10	10.15	4.15	10.15	4.15
Fri. 11	10.15	4.15	10.15	4.15
Sat. 12	10.15	4.15	10.15	4.15
Sun. 13	10.15	4.15	10.15	4.15

in morning. a afternoon.

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Cannot be beaten. It Equalled
for Bread, Cakes, Confectionery
and Meals with Wine & Liquor.

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VICTORIA THEATRE.

Monday, 7th and Tuesday, 8th.

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IN 5 PARTS.

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"RUFUS WALLINGFORD."

COMEDY IN 2 PARTS.

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"THE SPY"

(WAR DRAMA IN 3 PARTS).

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(OLD LAND OFFICE BUILDING).

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Also Detective Drama in 3 parts.

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NOTICES.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE THIRTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Offices of the General Managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., 1 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th of May, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 2nd May to the 23rd May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board, JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., General Managers.

Hongkong, 25th April, 1917.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Hongkong Club will be held in the Club House on MONDAY, the 14th May, 1917, at 5.15 P.M.

Business: As set forth in the Notice posted in the Hall of the Club.

By Order, E. DES VOEUX, Secretary, Hongkong, 4th May, 1917.

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